CHRONOLOGY OF THE YEARS OF MAN SINCE CREATION IN ANNO MUNDI (AM) YEARS

DAY 1 (of Creation + millennial event) "Day" & "Night" created (Gen 1:5) = God and Satan revealed to mankind

DAY 2 "God divided the waters" (Gen 1:6-7) = The nations separated (Gen 10+11)

DAY 3 "Earth" and "Seas" separated; vegetation and trees created (Gen 1:9-13) = The creation of Israel and its separation from the Gentile lands. Israel pictured as various types of fruit trees; created to bring forth "fruit" for God (Earth = Heb. "Eretz"; Land of Israel = Heb. "Eretz Yisrael")

DAY 4 "the greater light and the lesser light" and "the stars also" (Gen 1:14-16) = Christ and the Church manifested + Commencement of the creation of the family of God (Gen 37:9-10; Isa 9:1-2; Matt 4:12-16; Matt 5:14-16; Rev 12:1)

DAY 5 "the great sea monsters" and "every winged bird" (Gen 1:21) = Separation of righteous and unrighteous spirit beings: Satan and demons permanently excluded from the presence of God and His angels (Jn 12:31)

DAY 6 "Let us make man in our image" (Gen 1:26) = Birth of the firstfruits of the family of God at the return of Christ (before the 6001st year, otherwise it would no longer be the sixth millennial day)

DAY 7 God "ended His work" (Gen 2:2) = Millennial rule of Christ

2513 years from Creation and Adam and Eve's sin until the Exodus. Had Israel not incurred an extra 39 years of wandering in 2514, they would have taken possession and dwelt peacefully in the Holy Land 2520 years after man's first sin, because the conquest and division of the land took seven inclusive years

2083-2513 = 430 exact lineal year sojourn (Ex 12:40-41; Gal 3:17)

2114-2513 = 400 inclusive year affliction of Abraham's descendants through Isaac

2107-2559 = 453 inclusive years, or "about 450 years", from the choosing of the fathers until the division of the land (Acts 13:17-20 NIV, NASB, YLT)

2513-2992 Temple started in 480th Year (479 years + 1 month) after Exodus (I Kings 6:1)

2552-2852 = 300 years from Heshbon's capture until Jephthah's statement to the Ammonites in Judges 11:13-28

2909-3410 = 502 inclusive years of Israel and Judah's time in the Holy Land from their rejection of God as King, until their full removal by the Babylonians. These years contain 70 (unkept) Sabbatical years, or Land Sabbaths (Lev 26:34; II Chron 36:21)

3017-3406 = 390 inclusive years from Solomon leading Israel into idolatry, until all Israel has gone into captivity (Eze 4:4-6)

3028-5547 (942BC-1578AD)

3273-5792 (697BC-1823AD)

= 2520 inclusive years ("seven times") of Ephraim (Britain) and Manasseh's (USA) birthright being withheld and Israel in general deprived of their blessings (Lev 26:18,21)

"Then God appeared to Jacob again, when he came from Padan Aram, and blessed him. And God said to him, "Your name is Jacob; your name shall not be called Jacob anymore, but Israel shall be your name." So He called his name Israel. Also God said to him: "I am God Almighty. Be fruitful and multiply; a nation and a company of nations shall proceed from you" (Gen 35:10-11)

See also all of Gen 48

History shows that the USA became the "nation", and the British Empire became the "company of nations" here foretold

3395-5914 (575BC-1945AD)

3406-5925 (564BC-1956AD)

= 2520 inclusive years of persecution and punishment of Jews starting with Nebuchad-nezzar's first and second capture of Jerusalem and enslavement of Jews, ending with the liberation of Nazi Germany concentra-tion camps, and the Suez Crisis / Sinai War, leading to the return of the Jews to the land of Israel from the Christian and Islamic nations (Lev 26:24,28; Rev 11:2-3; Isa 27:13)

From 4655 until 5914 (686AD-1945AD) are 1260 inclusive years during which the Jews (the Two Witnesses) were given into the hand of the "little horn" (Dan 7:25; Rev 11:3, Rev 13:5)

Prior to 4655 (686AD) the Papacy / Christianity was not autonomous and so was not yet a "horn"

In 5914 (1945AD) the little horn / eighth head of the Beast had his dominion taken away, after which the Jews stood back up on their feet and once again took possession of their country and holy city three and a half years later (Dan 7:26; Rev 11:11-13)

Roman AD years are converted to AM years by adding 3969, but years begin Abib 1, not Jan 1

Dan 7 Beast 1 Babylonian rule over Jerusalem 3395-3476 (575BC-494BC) Gold in Dan 2 statue

Dan 7 Beast 2 Medo/Persian rule over Jerusalem 3476-3637 (494BC-333BC) Silver in Dan 2 statue

Dan 7 Beast 3 Greco/Roman rule over Jerusalem 3637-4606 (333BC-638AD) Bronze in Dan 2 statue. The two thighs depict Rome and Constantinople (See below for continuation as the eighth head of the Beast)

Dan 7 Beast 4 Mecca/Medina's Islamic rule over Jerusalem, three times interspersed with Catholic / Christian rule 4606-5914 (638AD-1945AD) Iron and clay in Dan 2 statue. The two iron lower legs depict the two "holy cities" of Islam in Arabia, as the Rashidun caliphate conquered and ruled Jerusalem 4606-4630 (638AD-661AD): a "short space" (Rev 17:10). The feet and toes of iron and clay picture the 10 Islamic dynasties that ensued, having their "hour" in history (Rev 17:12), starting with the Umayyad dynasty and ending with the Ottoman Empire. The bronze nails or claws of this beast (Dan 7:19) refer to the three instances when the eighth (Catholic/Christian) head of the Beast, which is the continuation of the third beast, three times reconquered (clawed back) Jerusalem

Babylon falls after 70 inclusive years since destroying Jerusalem (Jer 25:12)

70 inclusive years of Judah's Land Sabbaths (II Chron 36:21)

70 inclusive years of Jerusalem's desolation (Dan 9:2)

3481-3963 marking 7+62 = 69 "weeks" of 70 Week Prophecy (Dan 9:24-27)

3481-3529 = 49 and 3530-3963 = 434

Total = 483 inclusive years

70th "week" of 70 Week Prophecy

Ephesus Church Era ~4000-4069 (30-100AD)

Smyrna Ch. Era ~4069-4281 (100-313AD)

Pergamos Church Era ~4281-5064 (313-1095AD)

Thyatira Church Era ~5064-5316 (1095-1347AD)

Sardis Ch. Era ~5316-5424 (1347-1455AD)

Philadelphia Church Era ~5424-5829 (1455-1860AD)

Laodicea Church Era ~5829 until Christ's return (1860AD-?)

4660-5919 (691AD-1950AD) = 1260 inclusive years from construction of the Dome of the Rock until the restoration of Jewish government in 90% of Jerusalem captured by the State of Israel in the War of Independence, and enactment of "Law of Return" (Dan 12:7,11; Rev 11:12)

4660-5949 (691AD-1980AD) = 1290 inclusive years from when "the daily sacrifice is taken away", meaning Jewish prayer on the Temple Mount was prohibited, at the time the Islamic "abomination of desolation is set up" i.e. when the Dome of the Rock was built, until the Israeli government annexation of final 10% of Jerusalem by enactment of "Jerusalem Law" (Dan 12:11)

4660-5994 (691AD-2025AD) = 1335 inclusive years from the construction of the Dome of the Rock, until "the shattering of the power of the holy people comes to an end" (Dan 12:7,12 RSV)

3637-5936 (333BC-1967AD) = 2300 inclusive years from the commence-ment of Greek rule over Jerusalem (the vision of the he-goat - Dan 8:5) leading to successive Greek, Roman and Islamic enforced defilement of the Temple / Temple Mount, until Jerusalem is cleansed of foreign armies in the Six-Day War (Dan 8:13-14)

Note: Years start on the 1st of Abib in the Northern Hemisphere (Ex 12:2, 13:4, 23:15)

This means that regardless of a person's date of birth in their "birth year", the following calendar year, starting with the first day of the first month, is counted as the first year of one's age. This same rule applies to the reigns of kings, i.e. the year that a new king acceded to the throne was his "accession" year, but the first day of the first month of the following year commenced his first "regnal" year (2314BC)

For a detailed chart of the Divided Kingdom period, between the years 3029 and 3406, see the page "Chronological Charts" at www.lettertolaodicea.net

Regarding the identity of the Ahasuerus of the book of Esther: Esther 1:1 states that the realm of this Persian ruler stretched from India to Ethiopia. The historic writings of Herodotus show that India was captured by Darius the Great, whilst Egypt and Ethiopia were subdued by Darius' predecessor Cambyses. Under the Persian ruler after Darius the Great, Xerxes, the extent of the empire began to shrink, so the Persian Empire reached its fullest dimensions under Darius the Great. As there was more than one Ahasuerus - Darius the Mede's father was also called Ahasuerus (Dan 9:1) - Esther 1:1 explains that the story of this book is about the Ahasuerus who ruled the territory described here which can only be Darius the Great (Confirmed in the Greek version of Ezra called Esdras. Compare Est 1:1-3 with I Esdras 3:1-2).

Regarding the Greco/Roman Empires: Dan 7:6 states that the third "beast" has four heads, but Dan 8:8-9 mentions that it has six horns, i.e. six parts. "Heads" are independent major rulers over Jerusalem, and history reveals the four heads as shown on the chart. Of the four divisions of Alexander's kingdom (which was the first head), called "four prominent horns" in Dan 8:8 referring to the four original leaders, only two, the Ptolemaic and Seleucid dynasties, ruled over Jerusalem. Rome, the "little horn" (Dan 8:9), emerged from a former Macedonian colony at Palatine Hill, became "exceedingly great", and conquered Jerusalem as the fourth head of the Greek "beast".

Abd al-Malik commences the Dome's construction in 4660, and completes at least its exterior in 4662. 4662 = 666 (lawlessness) x 7 (faith), depicting the false religious faith which has defiled the Temple Mount, God's dwelling place on Earth, for longer than any other. The Dome of the Rock, which contains blasphemous inscriptions about Christ, completed its 1335th inclusive year in 2025/26

"No greater moral change ever passed over a nation than passed over England during the years .... of the reign of Elizabeth. England became the people of a book, and that book was the Bible. And its effect ..... was simply amazing. The whole temper of the nation was changed. The whole nation became, in fact, a Church." J R Green - A Short History of the English People (1874AD).

Regarding the Philadelphia era: The quality of a Church era is determined by the work that God is able to do within His people during a given period of time. The people of the Philadelphia era not only exceeded later generations in sheer hard labour, endurance and the splendour and ingenuity of their physical achievements, they were also made of much sterner stuff than we are today spiritually. They displayed a significantly higher level of Godly character compared to our Laodicean era which has become weak and compromised through prosperity and the influence of the world during the last century and a half before Christ's return. Qualities like unwavering loyalty to God (rather than to men), deep devotion to the study of God's Word, and genuine humility have long since been replaced by far more shallow, carnal and egocentric character traits among the people of God.

The Roman year running from spring 1823 to spring 1824AD marked the 2520th Biblical year since the fall of the Northern Kingdom of Israel and its capital, Samaria. As I Chron 5:1 states, the birthright that had belonged to Reuben (France) had fallen to Joseph (Britain and the USA), but was withheld for "seven times" or 2520 years, according to Lev 26. Leading up to the completion of this time period, many wars were fought between these three nations. According to Gen 28:14 the Israelites would spread to the North, South, East and West of the Earth. The greatest beneficiary of this blessing was to be Britain. Britain is located in the North, held substantial portions of Canada to the West, South Africa and Australia to the South, and India and Ceylon to the East, as well as many other territories. The Anglo-Dutch treaty of March 17, 1824AD (the last month of the 2520 year period), gave Britain possession of Singapore - the "gate" to the Far East. This finalised the framework on which the British Empire was constructed over the following hundred-plus years, in accordance with the prophecies of God's Word.

1		Adam & Eve created on sixth day of Creation (Gen 1-2) (3969BC)
130		Seth's birth (Gen 5:3)
235		Enos' birth (Gen 5:6)
325		Cainan's birth (Gen 5:9)
395		Mahalaleel's birth (Gen 5:12)
460		Jared's birth (Gen 5:15)
622		Enoch's birth (Gen 5:18)
687		Methuselah's birth (Gen 5:21)
874		Lamech's birth (Gen 5:25)
930		Adam's death (Gen 5:5)
987		Enoch's "translation", having lived 365 years (Gen 5:21-24; Heb 11:5)
1056		Noah's birth (Gen 5:28-29)
1558		Shem's birth (Gen 11:10)
1656		Death of Methuselah on day of Passover 1656? (Gen 5:27). The Flood until 1657 (Gen 7:6). Genesis 7:6, 7:11 and 8:13 show that the ages of men are synchronised with calendar years. Noah is stated to be 600 years old and in his 600th year at the very same time.
1658		Arphaxad's birth (Gen 11:10)
1693		Salah's birth (Gen 11:12)
1723		Eber's birth (Gen 11:14)
1757		Peleg's birth (Gen 11:16)
1787		Reu's birth (Gen 11:18)
1819		Serug's birth (Gen 11:20)
1849		Nahor's birth (Gen 11:22)
1878		Terah's birth (Gen 11:24)
1996		Peleg's death, aged 239. The 1996th year is the last possible year for the separation of the nations after the Tower of Babel (Gen 10:25,32; 11:18-19)
2006		Noah's death (Gen 9:29)
2008		Abram's birth. Renamed Abraham by God in 2107 (Gen 11:26,32; 12:4)
2083		Abram leaves Haran on the first day of Unleavened Bread, aged 75, commencing the "sojourning of the children of Israel". God makes "promises" to Abram (Gen 12:1-4; Ex 12:40-41; Acts 7:2-4; Gal 3:16)
2107		God's covenant with Abraham and the promise of the birth of Isaac. This is when God "chose the fathers" (Gen 17; Acts 13:17-20). Destruction of Sodom and Gomorrah (Gen 18-19)
2108		Isaac's birth (Gen 21:5)
2114		Isaac's weaning & mocking by Ishmael. The commencement of 400 inclusive years of affliction (Gen 15:13, 21:8-12; Gal 4:28-29)
2168		Jacob & Esau's birth (Gen 25:26)
2183		Abraham's death (Gen 25:7)
2288		Isaac's death (Gen 35:28-29)
2298		Jacob & family enter Egypt (Gen 47:9)
2315		Jacob's death (Gen 47:28)
2513	Books of the Law	Israel's Exodus from Egypt on the first day of Unleavened Bread, led by Moses (Ex 12:40-41; Gal 3:16-17). Law given at Sinai and First Covenant made between God and Israel (Ex 19-24) (1457BC)
2514		Tabernacle raised up on 1st day of 1st month (Ex 40:17). Israel departs from Sinai one solar year after covenant is made with God. 10 out of 12 spies return bad report about the land of Canaan (Deut 24:5; Ex 19:1, 24:7-8; Num 10:11, 13:25-33)
2552		Defeat of Sihon king of Heshbon, and capture of surrounding area prior to crossing into Canaan (Deut 1:3-4; 2:7,14,16-19,24-35). Death of Aaron (Num 33:38) and Moses (Deut 34:5)
2553	Joshua	Israel enters Promised Land under Joshua after 40 years of wandering (Num 33:38; Deut 2:7; Ex 7:7; Deut 34:5-7; Josh 1:1, 4:19, 5:10)
2559		Land of Israel divided up in the seventh year from beginning of conquest (Num 1:1, 13:1-16; Josh 14:6-7,10)
2585	Judges Ruth I Sam	(Approx) Death of Joshua (Judg 2:8; Ex 33:11)
2607		Chushan-Rishathaim oppression - Othniel judge (Judg 3:8-11)
2647		Moab, Ammon, Amalek oppression - Ehud and Shamgar judges (Judg 3:12-31)
2727		Canaan oppression - Deborah (religious) and Barak (military) judges (Judg 4:1 - 5:31)
2767		Midian and Amalek oppression - Gideon judge (Judg 6:1 - 8:28)
2807		Tola judge - (internal oppression including by Abimelech) (Judg 8:29 - 10:2)
2830		Jair judge (Judg 10:3-4)
2836		Samuel (aged approx 5) at Shiloh under Eli (aged approx 65, thus being 7 years into 40 year period as (religious) judge) (I Sam 1-3, 4:15,18)
2851		Jair's final year - first year of 18 year oppression by Philistines and Ammonites (Judg 10:5-8 - "that year")
2852		Jephthah judge (Judg 10:6 - 12:7) - 300 years since Israel took Heshbon at the end of the year prior to entering the Promised Land (Judg 11:26)
2858		Ibzan judge (Judg 12:8-10)
2862		(Approx) Foretelling of birth of Samson (if 20 at beginning of judgeship) (Judg 13:2-5)
2865		Elon judge (Judg 12:11)
2868		Last year of 18 year oppression by Philistines and Ammonites (Judg 10:8)
2869		First year of 40 year Philistine "dominion" (Judg 13:1, 14:4, 15:11) - Death of Eli (aged 98) and sons - Samuel religious judge aged approx 38 (I Sam 4)
2875		Abdon judge (Judg 12:13-15)
2883		Samson judge (Judg 13-16)
2902		Samson's final victory and death (Judg 16:21-31)
2903		Samuel sole ruler over Israel
2908		Samuel (aged approx 77) defeats Philistines ending 40 year dominion - Saul's accession year (I Sam 7, 10:17-24)
2909		Saul king over Israel (I Sam 9-10; Acts 13:21)
2949	II Sam	David king over Judah (I Sam 16:13; II Sam 2:1-11)
2956		David king over all Israel, ruling from Jerusalem after capturing the city from the Jebusites (II Sam 5:4-5; I Kings 2:11)
2989	I Kings Prov Job Song Ecc	Solomon king over Israel (I Kings 2:12, 4:1, 11:42)
2992		Solomon commences foundation of 1st Temple in the second month (I Kings 6:1,37)
2993		Solomon commences construction of 1st Temple (I Kings 6:37-38). 2993 is the first year of the 7th seven year cycle of the 60th Jubilee period since Creation
2999		Solomon completes 1st Temple in 8th month (I Kings 6:37-38). 2999 is a Sabbatical year; it is the 7th year of the 7th seven year cycle of the 60th Jubilee period since Creation
3000		Temple dedication at Feast of Trumpets lasting seven days (II Chron 5:3,11-14), followed later in month by Feast of Tabernacles (II Chron 7:7-10; I Kings 8:65-66); Ark of the Covenant brought into the Temple (I Kings 8:1-6; II Chron 5) - 60th Jubilee Year since Creation
3012		God warns Solomon that idolatry will lead to Him removing Israel from the land and from Jerusalem (I Kings 9:1-11, 6:37-38, 7:1) - Solomon's idolatry must have commenced 5 years after this warning was given (see 3017, 3400 and 3406)
3017		Commencement of Solomon's idolatry
3028		Division of the nation of Israel into the 10 tribe Kingdom of Israel, and the 2 tribe Kingdom of Judah, after Solomon's death (Lev 26:18; I Kings 11:42 - 12:20) (942BC)
3029		Rehoboam king over Judah; *Jeroboam king over Israel* (I Kings 11:42 - 12:20, 14:21)
3046		Abijam king over Judah (I Kings 15:1-2)
3049		Asa king over Judah (I Kings 15:9-10). 1 year pro-regency with Abijam 3048, which was Jeroboam's 20th year, due to Abijam's war with Israel (I Kings 12; I Kings 14:21; I Kings 15:1,9 and II Chron 13)
3090		Jehoshaphat king over Judah (I Kings 22:41-42) - 4 year co-regency with Jehoram 3111-3114 (II Kings 3:1, 8:16)
3111	Jonah Amos Hosea Isaiah Micah Nahum Joel Hab Zeph Jer II Kings Lam Oba	Jehoram king over Judah (II Kings 8:16-17) - 5 year pro-regency with Jehoshaphat 3106-3110 (II Kings 1:17, 8:16-17), 4 year co-regency with Jehoshaphat 3111-3114 (II Kings 3:1, 8:16), 1 year pro-regency and accession year
3118		Ahaziah king over Judah (II Kings 8:25-26) - 1 year pro-regency with Jehoram 3117 (II Kings 9:29). Joash year of birth of Ahaziah 3117 (II Kings 9:29), 1 year co-regency with Ahaziah 3118 (II Kings 8:25-26)
3119		Athaliah reigns over Judah (II Kings 11:1-4) although royal line continues through baby Joash. *Jehu's first year of rule over Israel*. Land of East Manasseh, Reuben and Gad captured by Hazael, king of Syria, during the reign of Jehu (II Kings 10:32-33)
3125		Joash king over Judah (II Kings 11:21, 12:1). Joash's first regnal year, when Joash is 7 years old, is Jehu's 7th regnal year in Israel
3165		Amaziah king over Judah (II Kings 14:1-2)
3194		Azariah king over Judah (II Kings 15:1-2)
3246		Jotham king over Judah (II Kings 15:32-33) - 8 year co-regency with Ahaz 3254-3261
3254		Ahaz king over Judah (II Kings 16:1-2) - 8 year co-regency with Jotham 3254-3261 (II Kings 15:27,30,32-33, 16:1, 17:1), 1 year pro-regency with Hezekiah 3267, 2 year co-regency with Hezekiah 3268-3269 (II Kings 17:1,6, 18:1,9-10)
3264		East Manasseh, Reuben, Gad, and other territories of Israel go into Assyrian captivity at the hand of Tiglath-Pileser, after Ahaz reached out to him for help against Syria and Israel. Pekah, king of Israel, slain (II Kings 15:29-30, 16:5-9, 17:1; I Chron 5:26)
3268		Hezekiah king over Judah (II Kings 18:1-2) - 1 year pro-regency with Ahaz 3267, 2 year co-regency with Ahaz 3268-3269 (II Kings 17:1,6, 18:1,9-10)
3273		Israel and its capital Samaria (in Ephraim - Isa 7:9), under the rule of King Hoshea, falls to Assyria; Israelites taken away in captivity (II Kings 18:9-12, Lev 26:21) (697BC)
3297		Manasseh king over Judah (II Kings 21:1)
3329		Territory of Israel repopulated by foreign peoples over a 65 year period from the death of Rezin, king of Syria at the hands of the Assyrians (Isa 7:8-9; II Kings 17:24-41; Ez 4:2,10 - see Divided Kingdom chart)
3352		Amon king over Judah (II Kings 21:19)
3354		Josiah king over Judah (II Kings 22:1)
3371		Josiah reinstitutes Passover in his 18th year (II Chron 35:1-19)
3384		Jehoahaz king over Judah (II Kings 23:31) - 3 month reign after Josiah's death, but during Josiah's final year; Josiah killed in war during summer, Jehoahaz never started a regnal year
3385		Jehoiakim king over Judah (II Kings 23:36; II Chron 36:5-6)
3387		Nebuchadnezzar, in his accession year, besieges Jerusalem in Jehoiakim's 3rd year. Daniel and others taken to Babylon (Dan 1:1-7)
3388		Nebuchadnezzar king over Babylon (Jer 25:1, 46:1-2; Dan 1:5 "three years" = 3387-3389)
3389		Prophecy of the Daniel 2 image given in Nebuchadnezzar's 2nd year, 6 years before Nebuchadnezzar captures Jerusalem (Dan 1:18-19, 2:1,16)
3395		Babylonian Empire (First beast of Dan 7; first head of Rev 13 and 17) captures Jerusalem (Lev 26:24; Rev 11:2). Jehoiachin king over Judah (II Kings 24:8-12; II Chron 36:9-11) - 3 month/10 day reign in Jehoiakim's 11th and final regnal year (575BC)
3396		Zedekiah king over Judah (II Kings 24:17-18). Jehoiachin, Ezekiel and many others taken to Babylon (II Chron 36:10; Eze 40:1)
3400		Ezekiel given prophecy relating to 390 years of whole House of Israel's sins and 40 years of Judah's sins (Eze 1:1-2, 4:4-6) - the 40 inclusive years apply to the period from Judah's rejection of Christ in 31AD until Jerusalem's destruction in 70AD
3404		Nebuchadnezzar besieges Jerusalem in Zedekiah's 9th year, which is also the 9th year of Jehoiachin's captivity (II Kings 25:1-2; Jer 39:1, 52:4; Eze 24:1-2)
3405		Jeremiah imprisoned in Jerusalem while the city is under Babylonian siege (Jer 32:1). Ezekiel prophesies against Egypt (Eze 29:1)
3406		Destruction of Jerusalem (Lev 26:28) and 1st Temple by Babylonians in Nebuchadnezzar's 19th year - Zedekiah captured in his 11th year (II Kings 25:8-10; Jer 25:9-12, 52:12-14; Eze 40:1) (564BC)
3410		Final Babylonian removal of Jews by Nebuzaradan, Nebuchadnezzar's general; remaining Jews flee to Egypt (Jer 39:10, 40:9-12, 52:30; II Kings 25:26)
3411	Eze Dan	First of 70 Land Sabbaths in Judah (II Chron 36:21; Jer 25:11, 29:1,10-14; Eze 33:28-29; Lev 26:33-35,43)
3476		Cyrus captures Babylon under Belshazzar; Cyrus' uncle Darius the Mede (Josephus Ant. 10:11:4; Herodotus Hist. Bk 1), son of Ahasuerus, becomes ruler of "the realm of the Chaldeans" (incl. Jerusalem) (Jer 25:9-12; Isa 45:1-13; Dan 5:31-6:1, 9:1). If Ezekiel 45:12 in
3477		Darius the Mede issues decree to all 120 provinces under his jurisdiction regarding "the God of Daniel" after Daniel survives being thrown into the lions' den (Dan 6, 9:1-2) Septuagint is correct, Daniel 5:25 "mene, mene, tekel, upharsin" = 3476-5995 (494BC)
3480		Last of 70 Land Sabbaths in Judah (II Chron 36:21; Jer 25:11, 29:1,10-14; Dan 9:2; Lev 26:33-35,43)
3481	Ezra Est Hag Zech Mal Psalms Neh I Chron II Chron	Medo/Persian Empire (Second beast of Dan 7; second head of Rev 13 and 17) commences. Cyrus, after deposing his grandfather Astyages and uniting the Empire under himself (Herodotus Hist. Bk 1), lets Jews return to Jerusalem (Ezra 1:1-4; Isa 44:28).
3482		Zerubbabel commences the Jerusalem Temple reconstruction in second month (Ezra 3:8-13) 3481-6000 = 2520 inclusive years (489BC)
3494		Reconstruction work in Jerusalem is stopped in the accession year of Darius the Persian/the Great, aka Artaxerxes (Ezra 4:7-24)
3496		Darius in his 2nd year allows Jerusalem work to resume (Ezra 4:24-6:13 / Darius = Ahasuerus = Artaxerxes; Hag 1 and 2)
3500		Jerusalem Temple completed in Darius' 6th year, according to God's, Cyrus' and Darius' command (Ezra 6:14-15 - "Darius even Artaxerxes")
3501		Ezra's second journey to Judah in Darius' 7th year to re-establish the law of God (Ezra 7:1-7) - Darius (Ahasuerus) marries Esther (Est 2:16-18)
3506		Jews survive Haman's plot in Darius' 12th year (Est 3-9)
3514		Nehemiah, after being made Governor of Judah in Darius' 20th year, makes second journey to Jerusalem - Wall completed (Neh 2:1, 6:15)
3526		Nehemiah's 12th and final year as Governor of Judah in Darius' 32nd year (Neh 5:14)
3529		Nehemiah seals the OT Scriptures (II Macc 2:13) completing the first 7 "weeks" (49 years) of the 70 Week Prophecy (Dan 9:24-25)
3637		Greco/Roman Empires (Third beast of Dan 7; Greece is the third head of Rev 13 and 17) commence rule over Jerusalem. Alexander the Great (the "great horn" of Dan 8:8) defeats Darius III (333BC)
3669		Ptolemaic Kingdom captures Jerusalem (Fourth head of Rev 13 and 17) (301BC)
3770		Seleucid Empire captures Jerusalem (Fifth head of Rev 13 and 17) (200BC)
3803		Seleucid leader Antiochus Epiphanes defiles Jerusalem Temple (Dan 11:31; I Macc 1)
3830		Hasmonean semi-autonomous rule of Jerusalem commences (140BC), leading to 210 inclusive year practice of Judaism in Jerusalem until 4039 (Eze 39:12-14 Geneva Bible, NRSV)
3907		Rome captures Jerusalem after victory by Pompeius (Sixth head of Rev 13 and 17; little horn of Dan 8:9. Note: Rome comes "out of one of them", i.e. out of one of the 4 Greek divisions) (63BC)
3963-65	(AD yrs)	Completion of 69 "weeks" of the 70 Week Prophecy in 3963, "after" which, in 3964, the Word is "cut off" from the Godhead and begotten in Mary's womb, and born in 3965 (5BC) (Dan 9:24-26; Lk 1:26)
3970	1	*(The 3970th AM year equals 1AD, the originally designated birth year of Jesus Christ, hence termed Anno Domini (AD) or "Year of our Lord". Years prior to this termed BC)*
3996	27	Beginning of Jesus' ministry after the "Great Temptation" (Matt 4:1-11; Lk 3:23). 3996 = 666x6 = sin conquered by love - Ex 20:13; Matt 5:21-26; Lk 6:27-28; Jn 3:16 (27AD) (Christ aged 31)
3997	28	First full year of Christ's ministry in the 16th year of Tiberius Caesar, Christ having begun preaching in the 15th year, about 6 months after John the Baptist began his work (Lk 3:1)
4000	31	Death and resurrection of Christ at Passover/ULB, after three and half year ministry (Lk 4:24-25), ending Old + commencing New Covenant (Lk 22:20; Heb 8:13). Church founded on Pentecost. 80th Jubilee Year since Creation; "the acceptable year of the Lord" (Lk 4:19)
4001	32	(Approx) Satan "cast out", i.e. confined to Earth and no longer able to come into the presence of God in Heaven, leading to great persecution of the Church (Deut 24:5; Jn 12:31; Rev 12:10-17; Acts 8:1)
4035	66	Church flees Jerusalem after the miraculous withdrawal of Cestius from besieging Jerusalem and the Temple (Josephus War of the Jews 2:19:1-9; Matt 24:15-19; Luke 21:20-23)
4036	67	Vespasian, Titus and successors, conquer Galilee, Samaria and Judea (67-73AD) destroying the Jewish nation. Final "week" of 70 Week Prophecy ("upon thy people and upon thy holy city" - Dan 9:24), which did "confirm the covenant" (Dan 9:27)
4039	70	Roman destruction of Jerusalem after 40 inclusive years of signs and warnings since Christ's death in 31AD (Eze 4:6; Lk 19:41-44; Matt 12:39-41; Jonah 3:4; Bab. Talmud Yoma 39b; Eusebius Ecc. His. 3 ch 7 & 8; Josephus War 6:5:3) (Trumpet 1 of Revelation)
4042	73	Roman conquest of Masada, the last remaining rebel stronghold in the First Jewish Revolt, completing the seven year war which fulfils the 70th "week" of the 70 Week Prophecy (Dan 9:27; Rev 12:16)
4069	100	(Approx) Smyrna Era of Church commences after the death of all the original apostles. Polycarp, Bishop of Smyrna, aged approximately 30
4101	132	Commencement of Bar Kokhba War (until 136AD) after construction of Hadrian's temple in Jerusalem. Jerusalem rebuilt by the Romans as a pagan city called Aelia Capitolina, and Judea renamed Syria Palaestina (Trumpet 2 of Revelation)
4272	303	Ten years of severe Church persecution initiated by Diocletian and carried on by various other Roman rulers until early 313AD (Rev 2:10)
4281	312/13	Edict of Milan (Feb 313AD) by Constantine and Licinius permitting freedom of religion, ending the Diocletian Persecution. This decree was preceded by Constantine's conversion to "Christianity" in 312AD
4294	325	Council of Nicea - "Christianity" united under the guardianship of Roman emperor Constantine. Commencement of Christianisation of Jerusalem (Trumpet 3 of Revelation)
4299	330	Constantine moves capital of Empire to Nova Roma/Constantinople, which is Istanbul in modern day Turkey
4348	379/80	Edict of Thessalonica issued by Roman emperor Theodosius makes Nicene Christianity the state religion of the Roman Empire (Feb 380AD)
4498	529	Justinian Code adopted - banning all religion in the Roman Empire except Catholicism
4583	614	Sassanid Empire, aka the Neo-Persian Empire, captures Jerusalem, briefly reviving the second head of the Beast - until retaken by the Romans in 629AD
4606	637/38	Mecca/Medina (Islam) (Fourth beast of Dan 7; seventh head of Rev 13 and 17) under Rashidun leader Caliph Omar captures Jerusalem from Roman Empire in Jan 638. Commencement of Islamisation of Jerusalem (Trumpet 4 of Revelation)
4630	661	Umayyad rule begins over Jerusalem (Horn 1 of Dan 7:7, Rev 13 and 17) (until 750AD)
4653-55	684-86	Constantinople grants Rome autonomy to appoint Popes in 684AD. Pope John V takes office 685AD; 686AD being his first regnal year, starting 1260 inclusive year rule of "little horn" / later the 8th head of Beast (see 1099AD + 1945AD) (Dan 7:8,25; Rev 11:3)
4660	691	Construction of the Islamic Dome of the Rock on the site of God's Temple i.e. the Temple Mount, making this false temple dominate the city of God - at the same time banning the "daily sacrifice" of Jewish prayer on the Temple Mount (Dan 12:11). The Umayyad ruler
4719	750	Abassid rule begins over Jerusalem (Horn 2 of Dan 7:7, Rev 13 and 17) (until 878AD and again from 904AD until 939AD)
4725	756	Papal States confirmed by French/Roman treaty; territories on Italian peninsula over which the Papacy had sovereignty (until 1870AD)
4847	878	Tulunid rule begins over Jerusalem (Horn 3 of Dan 7:7, Rev 13 and 17) (until 904AD)
4908	939	Ikhshidid rule begins over Jerusalem (Horn 4 of Dan 7:7, Rev 13 and 17) (until 969AD)
4938	969	Fatimid rule begins over Jerusalem (Horn 5 of Dan 7:7, Rev 13 and 17) (until 1073AD and again from 1098AD until 1099AD)
5042	1073	Seljuq rule begins over Jerusalem (Horn 6 of Dan 7:7, Rev 13 and 17) (until 1098AD)
5064	1095	Pope Urban II launches First Catholic/Christian Crusade, commencing "5 months", or 150 years, of medieval Crusades fought over Jerusalem (Rev 9:1-12) (Trumpet 5 of Revelation), and one "time" (Rev 2:21), or 360 years, for "Jezebel" to repent
5068	1099	First Crusade captures Jerusalem from Fatimid Caliphate. First period of rule over Jerusalem by the Catholic/Christian "little horn" of Dan 7:8, which at this point becomes the eighth head of the Beast (Rev 17:11)
5153	1184	Inquisitions begin in France initiated by Catholic Church (Rev 2:24 - "the depths of Satan")
5156	1187	Ayyubid rule begins over Jerusalem (initially under Saladin) (Horn 7 of Dan 7:7, Rev 13 and 17), after defeating the Crusader Kingdom of Jerusalem (until 1229AD and again from 1244AD until 1260AD)
5198	1229	Frederick II gains control of Jerusalem after surrender of Ayyubid Sultan Al-Kamil. Second period of rule over Jerusalem by the Catholic/Christian "little horn" of Dan 7:8, aka the eighth head of the Beast (Rev 17:11)
5213	1244	Ayyubids defeat Crusaders in Siege of Jerusalem, 150 inclusive years after the Crusades commence (Rev 9:5,10)
5229	1260	Mamluk rule begins over Jerusalem (initially under Sultan Baybars) (Horn 8 of Dan 7:7, Rev 13 and 17) commencing some 250 years of Mamluk control over the city (until 1516AD)
5316-22	1347-53	Black Death kills 50-80% of Europe's population (peak between 1348AD and 1351AD), 666 years since independence of the Papacy (Rev 2:21-23)
5351	1382	John Wycliffe translates Latin Vulgate Bible into Middle English
5422	1453	Fall of Constantinople, capital of the Roman Empire, to the Ottoman Empire
5424	1455	Johann Gutenberg produces first printed Bible paving the way for a myriad of translations and publications of God's Word. The "open door" (Rev 3:8)
5485	1516	Ottoman rule over Jerusalem begins (Horn 9 of Dan 7:7, Rev 13 and 17) after defeat of Mamluks (until 1831AD and again from 1840AD until 1917AD)
5486	1517	Protestant Reformation commenced by Martin Luther. Luther publishes German New Testament in 1522AD and first full German B